WHERE CHRIST WAS BORN

By FRANCISCO CARBALLO *



BETHLEHEM And Its Surroundings

CHRISTMAS DAY apthe world are turned to that mys- ance of solidity. Herod.

Bethlehem is from the Hebrew Beit Lahm which means 'house of due to the fertility of its soil.

There are about six thousand inwomen produce beautiful embroipeople are occupied in wheat and barley raising, sheep herding, and tending vineyards olive and pomegranate orchards.

Most of the houses are built of proaches, the minds and rough-hewn stones and are plashearts of Christians all over tered to give the walls an appear-The roofs ar: terious town of Bethlehem in Pales- flat and these serve as roof gardens tine where Jesus Christ was born where members of the family gather about one thousand nine hundred to enjoy the cool Judean air durand thirty-five years ago. During ing the summer evenings. The one that time, Palestine was a Roman storeyed houses, in general appearprovince when Augustus Caesar was ance resemble those found in the emporor and the local king was Batanes Islands with the difference that the roofs of the latter are covered with grass thatching.

Most streets are narrow and This name has been ap- winding, and people go about on propriately given to the place for foot or ride on the backs of don-Bethlehem was and still is the wheat keys or camels. Products for local granary of the surrounding country consumption are still brought in by camel caravans.

Water for domestic use is secured habitants in Bethlehem, consisting from wells, cisterns, and tanks of Christians, Moslems, and Jews. which collect water during the rainy In the town proper some men are season. The community well, howengaged in carving pearl shells for ever, is an important social center various decorative purposes and the for here the townspeople meet to get water, and while waiting for deries. In the suburbs, most of the their turns, they exchange the latest news of the day. Travelers water their animals here also.

tiquated in Judea, for with the com- Christmas Day in Bethlehem.

ing of the British, under whose mandate the Holy Land is governed. institutions and implements of western civilization, such as improved roads, schools, hospitals, automobiles, sewing machines, electricity, and the like, have been introduced in the country. Pilgrims may now visit Bethlehem leisurely in automobiles and autobuses which run the ten-kilometer distance from Jerusalem in short time. With these innovations however, most of the Bethlehemites still cling to the modes of dress and traditions of their forefathers.

The chief center of interest in Bethlehem is, of course, the Church of the Nativity which is built on the spot claimed to be the place of the stable where Jesus was born in a manger. Here thousands of pilgrims from all parts of the world gather to worship, visit the places connected with the Nativity and the life of Christ, and take home with them souvenirs of the Holy Land.

Bethlehem is sometimes called the City of David for it was also the birthplace of that shepherd king who killed the boastful giant Goliath of the Philistines and wrote the beautiful psalms found in the Old Testament. Christ descended from David's line, and the prophets foretold his birth and his acclamation by the world as The King of Kings and the Saviour of Mankind. The light of His teachings have affected the lives of all Christendom, and we of the first Commonwealth of the Far East are now sharing that Everything, however, is not an-light which first shone on the first

he has not had a good meal for to you because you have something they have become so poor, but they many a day. A piece of bread may to give away, and he has nothing. satisfy hunger, but it can hardly be He would not come to you begging On Christmas morning a beggar enough for one meal. Then, for unless he is in great need. may knock at your door. He is our dear Lord's sake, don't turn

cold, tired, and hungry. Perhaps him out into the streets. He comes

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must be remembered and aided.