

25 Pass Pharmacist Examinations

Josefina H. Abreu Tops List—Quiat Is Close Second

Twenty-five candidates passed the theoretical and practical examinations given last July by the Board of Pharmaceutical Examiners. The list of new pharmacists was topped by Josefina H. Abreu with an average of 91.79 for the theoretical examination and 93.8 for the practical examination. A close second was Luz Quiat whose averages were 91.52 and 93.1 for the theoretical and practical examinations, respectively.

The list of successful candidates as released by the Malacanan Board of Information is as follows:

1. Josefina H. Abreu
2. Luz Quiat
3. Eurosina B. Ramoso
4. Amparo C. de Luna
5. Feleisa L. Caro
6. Jovita R. Sumulong
7. Caridad Martine
8. Mercedes H. Fernandez
9. Iliaw S. Eusebio
10. Tabita I. Ramos
11. Victoria D. Ante
12. Piedad Ma. Cruz
13. Maria B. Canciller
14. Aurelia M. Ayo
15. Mercedes Manalo
16. Angela S. Bangoy
17. Beatriz Apostol-Picard
18. Rosita G. Flores
19. Perfecta N. Tanalega-Ray-mundo
20. Remedios Ubaldo-Campana
21. Esperanza R. Yusi
22. Puresa L. Zapanta
23. Gracia Bulid
24. Benito S. Manansala
25. Gerarda M. Chupoco

Appointments Are Announced

Presidential appointments announced last week by Malacanan are as follows:

Pedro G. Albano, acting deputy military governor of Ilocos Norte, to succeed ex-Governor Modesto M. Farolan who resigned to become the manager and editor of "The Republic";

Vicente A. Arguelles, Solicitor, Bureau of Public Prosecution;

Bartolome de Vera, acting municipal mayor of San Mateo, Rizal;

Luis Floresca, justice of the peace for Piddig and Solsona, Ilocos Norte; and

Hermínio J. Villanueva, justice of the peace for San Marcelino, Castillejos and Subic, Zambales.

Baguio ...

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several trips, according to agreement with the owners, the trucks are returned.

The Imperial Japanese Forces have done everything to help keep Baguio the model city that it has always been and has lent the city administration its full cooperation. The Military Governor of District No. 2, Justice Dionisio de Leon, is also backing the city administration to the full.

151 Prisoners ...

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Blanquera, Benjamin Santo Domingo, Francisco Ignacio, Flaviano de la Torre, Ramon Abad, Angel Bonifacio, King Hiam Yao, Ang Kiam, Ho Kiam, Ang Lee, Chua Chia, Go Hoo, Chua Pac, Andres Robles, Lorenza Jimena, Feliciano de Guzman, Angela Gomez, Margarita Manangan, Marcelina Garcia, Maria Luz, Marciana Torres, Renigia de la Verza, Virginia Mercado, Caridad de la Cruz, Trinidad Arizabal, Lucia Dibantes, Maria de la Rosa, Elisa Dizon, Raymundo Santiago, Avelino Iglesias, Paterno Galano, Angel Perez, Jose Lopez, Rodrigo Santos, Dee Ching Ting, Cipriano Eblonga, Simeon Partoza, Herman Geronio, Sy Tiong, Alberto Castro, Felipe Alazar, Mateo Bernardino, Jose Aveleta, and Mariano Arriola.

Pres. Vests ...

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privileges determined by the Military Governor or Deputy Governor concerned, subject to the approval of the Minister of Home Affairs as Chief Delegate of the President and Inspector-General under the Martial Law. The designs of the necessary insignias shall be uniform throughout the Philippines and shall be determined by the Commanding General of the Philippine Constabulary, subject to the same approval. In the City of Manila, the necessary insignias shall be determined by the Military Governor, subject, likewise, to the same approval.

Sec. 3. The Minister of Home Affairs, as Chief Delegate of the President and Inspector-General under the Martial Law, is hereby authorized to issue such rules and regulations as may be necessary with a view to the immediate organization herein created.

Sec. 4. All laws, orders, ordinances, or parts thereof inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Sec. 5. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its promulgation.

Done in the City of Manila, this 24th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-four, and of the Republic of the Philippines, the second.

JOSE P. LAUREL
President of the Republic
of the Philippines

120,000 Nuts ...

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ure on the part of MCCA managers to distribute the whole allotment or the charging of excessive prices. The complaints, it was announced, could be sent either directly to the Public Relations Office of the President in Malacanan or through the suggestion boxes located at strategic places in Manila.

The coconuts for distribution were allotted to 15 distributing stations, as follows:

District Station No. 1. 1435 Vermont, Paco—MCCA No. 2. MCCA's under this station are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14. (Manager in charge—Mrs. Consolacion Sygud).

District Station No. 2. 1354 Gen. Luna, Ermita—MCCA No. 17. MCCA's under this station are: 8, 9, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25. (Manager in charge—Mr. Juan P. Juan).

District Station No. 3. 61 Porvenir, Pasay—MCCA No. 164. MCCA's under this station are: 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, and 164. (Manager in charge—Mr. Jesus Aguirrochoa).

District Station No. 4. 139 P. Villanueva, Pasay—MCCA No. 151. MCCA's under this station are: 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 165, 166, and 167. (Manager in charge—Mr. Pacifico Niguidula).

District Station No. 5. 197 Calderon, Sta. Ana—MCCA No. 26. MCCA's under this station are: 27, 28, 29, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, and 147. (Manager in charge—Mrs. Ana L. Syyp).

District Station No. 6. 641 Paz, Paco—MCCA No. 34. MCCA's under this station are: 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, and 39. (Manager in charge—Mr. Miguel Santos).

District Station No. 7. 12 Sto. Toribio, San Juan—MCCA No. 137. MCCA's under this station are: 120, 121, 122, 134, 135, 136, 138, and 139. (Manager in charge—Fortunato Cascante).

District Station No. 8. 601 M. de Santos, San Nicolas—MCCA No. 64. MCCA's under this station are: 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 65, and 66. (Manager in charge—Mr. Macario V. Linso).

District Station No. 9. 1301 Sande, Tondo—MCCA No. 69. MCCA's under this station are: 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71 and 72. (Manager in charge—Mr. Simplejo Santos).

District Station No. 10. 321 Tayanun, Sta. Cruz—MCCA No. 52. MCCA's under this station are: 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 53, 54 and 81. (Manager in charge Mr. Lorenzo Cruz).

District Station No. 11. 423 A. Mabini, Calocan—MCCA No. 123. MCCA's under this station are: 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132 and 133. (Manager in charge—Mr. Juan Cunanan).

District Station No. 12. 340 R. Hidalgo, Quiapo—MCCA No. 75. MCCA's under this station are: 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 86, 87, 88, 92 and 93. (Manager in charge—Mr. Arsenio Tiango).

District Station No. 13. Corner Requens and Misericordia, Sta. Cruz—MCCA No. 91. MCCA's under this station are: 55, 80, 82,

20,000 Kilos of Dried Fish Sold Thru Eighty MCCA's

The Ministry of Economic Affairs sold 20,000 kilos of dried fish to the people of Manila last week, thru the MCCA's at P35.00 a kilo. The sale was limited to 1 kilo for each head of family.

In accordance with the arrangements effected by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, the 20,000 kilos were sold thru 80 MCCA's, to 80,449 heads of families. The name of each buyer was recorded and ready for inspection at any time by the Bureau of Investigation agents and food inspectors.

In this connection the Ministry issued the following statement: "Untold efforts have been exerted by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, with the cooperation of the Military authorities, and the NADISCO, to provide the population

Reconstruction ...

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class were maintained and made available throughout the period. Improvements were undertaken on a few important sections of the Manila-North, Manila-South, and Cagayan Valley roads. The Mangkayan-Cervantes road in Ilocos Sur was completed.

Realizing the importance of improving the Manila-South road, the Government initiated a plan to start construction work on the Sipocot-Pamplona road in Camarines Sur. The completion of this project will avoid the necessity of crossing the Bicol river and thus shorten the route. The road traversing the heart of Mindanao from Cagayan in Oriental Misamis, to the City of Davao, passing through Bukidnon, has been opened to traffic.

Merchants who passed from one province to another two years ago had to detour whenever they reached a bridge, for most of the bridges at that time had either been blown up or partly damaged, rendering them useless to traffic. Today those same bridges have been either reconstructed or are

As a proof of this commendable accomplishment on the part of the Government, seven permanent bridges, situated in Batangas, Pangasinan, Nueva Ecija, Laguna and Tayabas, with an aggregate span of 1,120 lineal feet were reconstructed. At present, the officials concerned are laying out plans for the construction of 14 permanent and six semi-permanent bridges.

Several port works have also been perfected by the Government. The Helwa seawall in Manila was repaired. The ports of Jolo (Sulu), Legaspi (Albay), Gaang (Ilocos Norte), Mauban (Tayabas), Sorsogon (Sorsogon), and Iligan (Lanao) were also repaired. A concrete pier in Batangas was constructed while the timber pier in San Fernando, La Union, was reconstructed. Plans are being taken for the extension of the Manila North Harbor and for the proposed marginal wharf at Davao city. In this way, the perfection of the Island's port facilities will immeasurably contribute to the realization of the Republic's plan of an efficient inter-island shipping.

Our merchant marine, before the outbreak of the current war, was not truly emphasized and encouraged by the former regime, although it knew and realized the importance of inter-island shipping for the well-being of the Filipinos. A country like the Philippines needs a fleet of inter-island ships that will contribute to the healthy economic development of the Republic. This fact the Philippine Government realized, and sure enough, on June 3, 1943, the first inter-island vessel to be constructed in the Philippines was launched, followed by many others. Private enterprises organized themselves to avoid ruinous competition and put

83, 84, 85, 89, 90, 108, 109 and 112. (Manager in charge—Mr. Maximo de Guzman).

District Station No. 14. 69 Alejandro VI, Sampaloc—MCCA No. 101. MCCA's under this station are: 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 103, 104 and 105. (Manager in charge—Mr. Tomas Gomez).

District Station No. 15. 7 Kanlaon, Balintawak—MCCA No. 116. MCCA's under this station are: 106, 107, 110, 111, 113, 114, 115, 117, 118 and 119. (Manager in charge—Mr. Mariano Lichauco).

Corpus Greeted On Birthday

Judge Rafael Corpus, member of the council of state, was the recipient of many congratulations upon the anniversary of his birthday last October 24. Leading the well-wishers of the elder statesman was President Laurel who sent to Judge Corpus the following letter:

"MY DEAR MR. CORPUS,
"I wish to join the members of your family and your many friends in wishing you much happiness and in celebrating this day so memorable to you and to all of us. I do so, not only because of the friendship that binds us, but also for a still higher motive: for the privilege of having you on my side, together with other worthy compatriots, amidst the vicissitudes and sacrifices that necessarily face all those complying with their duties as Filipinos and towards our people during these moments of supreme trial. Your example is like a mirror upon which all of our countrymen should look at themselves."
"Very sincerely yours,
"(Sgd.) JOSE P. LAUREL
President
Republic of the Philippines"

Even to Mountains, were Common Scenes in the Philippines. For when the smoke of battle had cleared, countless towns and cities lay devastated, devoured by fire.

The task of reconstruction was indeed an arduous one. Losing no time, the Government immediately prepared and placed development plans in the hands of qualified provincial engineers.

Probably one of the most outstanding accomplishments of the Government in the redevelopment of destroyed towns and cities is the "rejuvenation" of the metropolis of Cebu. This commercial city of the Visayas was converted into smoking ruins with half of the city swept by fire. Undaunted by this disaster, the Government, the Imperial Japanese Army and the people of Cebu worked hand in hand to resurrect the city from its battle-scarred ruins to a thriving normalcy. Business houses, schools and colleges have reopened. The people are actively engaged in food production. Although few motor vehicles are seen in the streets of the city, the inflow and outflow of essential foodstuffs go on smoothly by means of bull-carts and horse-drawn vehicles which are brightly suggestive of Filipino initiative and of the practical Oriental mind.

In the city of Manila, the nerve center of the Philippines, is probably where the exigencies of the war are most felt. Burdened by the multiple population that it did not previously have, the city naturally had to tackle various problems that usually confront a metropolis when it is peopled by an exceedingly large number.

The main task which the Government was confronted with was the problem of feeding the people. Foodstuffs from the provinces could be readily had, but the means of conveyance was inadequate, making the skyrocketing price of commodities prices inevitable. Experts who made a careful study of the situation readily concluded that the abnormal rise of the prices was not due to the scarcity of foodstuffs, but to the difficulty of transportation from places where commodities were abundant to areas where they were much needed. As a result, countless measures have been introduced to ameliorate the living conditions of the people. One of these is the organization of the Land and Maritime Transportation Company (LAMATRA), the sole purpose of which is to transport foodstuffs from the provinces to Manila.

The reconstruction work in the Philippines during the past year since the requirement of independence has been remarkable, indeed, forming an epic chapter in the history of the war. It is the story of a heroic people, who, inspired by freedom which had been denied them so long, boldly and bravely laid the foundation for the rebirth of a glorious new nation. But today, with the war having grown in intensity, the spectacular accomplishments of Filipinos, 18,000,000 strong, are being threatened.

With its very foundation as a sovereign state threatened, the Philippines, on September 23, declared war on the United States of America and Great Britain. The terror and devastation of modern warfare once again faces the Philippines; but the people of the young but courageous Republic are determined to face the war with the same faith and energy they displayed in the gigantic task of reconstructing their nation.—Domec News Agency.

Dental Test Results Out

Ten candidates successfully passed the dentist examination given last June by the Board of Dental Examiners. The list of successful examinees, which was released by Malacanan, Saturday, was topped by Esmeralda de los Santos with an average of 83.25 per cent and 79.68 per cent in the theoretical and practical examinations, respectively. Second in the list is Luisa de los Santos. Guillermo F. Juliano placed third.

The list of new dentists follows:

1. Esmeralda de los Santos
2. Luisa de los Santos
3. Guillermo F. Juliano
4. Generoso N. Montellano
5. Florentina M. Clemente-Romero
6. Lydia O. Llamas-Reyes
7. Alfo Garcia
8. Buenaventura S. Savella
9. Lutgardo del Rosario
10. Juanito V. Santiago