

196- Rizal Essay Contest

Undersecretary of Education Vitaliano Bernardino, Supreme Com-mander of the Knights of Rizal, mander of the Knights of Rizal, recently approved and released the rules of the 1968 Rizal National Essay-Writing Contest on the Theme: RIZAL AND OUR PREVAILING SOCIAL CANCER.

The following rules will govern this nationwide contest:

- 1. Contestants must be Fili-pino citizens of 18-24 years;
- All entries should be in English between 1,700 to 2,000 words typewritten, double spaced, triplicate co-pies, and bear the pseudo-nym of the contestant;
- DR. RIZAL
- Contestants should submit a self-addressed sealed envelope indicating his address and date of birth, institution or firm, real name and pseudonym;
- 4. Deadline for the submission of entries will be on Tuesday. April 16, 1968.
- 5. PRIZES: (a) P500, P300, and P200; (b) Medals. (c) Filipi-niana books; and (d) Filipino flags for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd prize winners, respectively.
- All entries should be mailed to the Knights of Rizal P.O. Box 102, Manila lo⁻ delivered in person to Executive Sec-retary Prof. Jorge L. Revilla at Room 503, Guido-Ver Build-ing, España corner Jhocson, Sampaloc, Manila.

(Feb. 10, 17, 24, 1968)

So The People May Know How To Get Blood From The Red Cross

The Philippine National Red Cross through its Blood Program aims to make human blood available to you and all others who may be in need of it. Follow these simple pointers to get blood for your patient: * * Secure a Red Cross Blood Request Form the Physician attending your patient. Present this request form to the National Blood Center in Manila, Bonifacio Drive, Port Area/to the Red Cross Chapter office, if in the province. * * Bring one donor for every 250 cc. of blood requested. If you need 1,000 cc. bring 4 donors; if 2,000 cc. bring 8 donors, etc. * * Donors do not have to be of the same blood type as the natient

* * Donors do not neve that the type of blood you need, patient * * If Red Cross does not have the type of blood you need, leave the request slip and return the next day, and everyday if necessary until you get the blood. * * If after you shall have been served, and you find that you need more, ask your physician for another request slip for an addi-tional amount then go back to the Red Cross every day until you get the amount needed. * * Bring the blood immediately to the hospital for proper afrigeration. Handle it with care, otherwise it will spoil.

* * If you were able to get blood from the Red Cross

donors right away to replace it, others need the blood basis, bring basis, bring donors right away to replace it, others need the blood you borrowed. * * 16 blood is not used within 48 hours, return it immdicately to the Red Cross Blood Center, otherwise it will be considered used. THANK YOU...

THE RED CROSS BLOOD BANK ANG PAGKUHA NG DUGO SA KRUS NA PULA

Ang Pambansang Krus na Pula ng Pilipinas ay may layuning maglingkod sa inyo at sa iba pang nangangailangan ng dugo sa pamamagitan ng kanyang "Blood Program". Sundin lamang ang naritong tuntunin para makakuha ng dugong

Sundin lamang ang naritong tuntunin para makakuha ng dugong kailangan ng inyong maysakit: * * Kumuha ng kabilingan sa paghingi ng Dugo sa Krus na Pula sa manggagamot na tumitingin sa inyong maysakit. Iharap ang in-yong kahilingan sa "National Blood Center" sa Maynila na nasa Bonifacio Drive, Port Area o sa tanggapan ng Krus na Pula kung kayo'y nasa lalawigan. * * Magdala ng maghahandog ng dugo para mapalitan ang 250 cc. dugo na inyong hiningi. Ang maghahandog ng dugo ay kai-langang nasa 21 hanggang 59 taon. Sila ay tumitimbang ng 110 libras o 50 kilos. Kung 1,000 cc. magsama ng 4 na maghahandog; kung 2,000 cc. 8 maghahandog ang inyong isama. Ang dugo na

Aggiornamento

by Alfredo G. Parpan, S.J.

• FOR February you are invited to join the general intention of the Apostleship of Prayer which is "that the fundamental rights of man be acknowledged, respect-ed, and rightly be defended by all." As a creature, "gifted with intelligence, possessing a free will, which makes him master of his actions but responsible to Cad: impactal made in the like. his actions but responsible to God; immortal, made in the like-ness of God, redeemed by the Blood of Chirst, son and friend of Cod, heir to eternal happiness —with all these blessings, man possesses rights proper to his nature rights involution and in or Code, here to every an apprices —with all these blessings, man possesses rights proper to his nature, rights inviolable and in-alienable. As Pope John defined them: the right to life, to bodily integrity, and to the means that are necessary and suitable for the proper development of life; these are primarily food, clothing, shelter, rest, medical care, and finally the necessary social ser-vices. A human being also has the right to security in case of sickness, inability to work, widow-hood, old age, unemployment, or in any other case in which he is deprived of the means of subsistence through no fault of his own. his own.

his own. "Modern man too often he-comes little more than a cog in a machine. With all our grand technical and material progress, spiritual values are often easily violated. Totalitarian regimes of-ten restrict and violate hurran rights. Millions of people today do not even have the humble necessities of life, while fabulous wealth is in the hands of a very few." The February intention bids us take sobering stock of the situation. What indeed of our workmen, our housemaids and houseboys? What of the un-fortunates in the community? The aged and the abandoned in the Weifare Home? The inmates in the city and provincial jails? Too bad Christmes comes but appeared in the city and provincial jails? Too bad Christmas comes but once a year.

• "WITH respect to the funda-mental rights of a person," says the Second Vatican Council, "every type of discrimination, whether social or cultural, whe-her beed on say take, color, whether social or cultural, whe-ther based on sex, race, color, social condition, language, or religion; is to be attacked and eradicated as contrary to God's intent." We have always been aware that we are not as Chris-tian a nation as we pride to be. (Continued on page 6)

ipinapalit o inihahandog ay hindi kailangang maging katipo ng dugo

ipinapalit o inihahandog ay hindi kailangang maging katipo ng dugo ng inyong maysakit.
** Kapag ang Krus na Pula ay walang dugong kauri ng sa inyong maysakit, iwan ang inyong kalinigan sa tanggapan ng Krus na Pula at balikan sa susunod na araw o kayay'y araw-araw na balikan hanggang sa makuha ninyo ang kailangang dugo.
* Kung kayo man ay nabinyan na at nangangailangan pa rin kayo, humingi uli kayo ng kahilingan sa tanggapan ng Krus na Pula hanggang sa makuha ninyo ang kailangan g dugo.
* Mung kayo man ay nabinyan na at nangangailangan pa rin kayo, humingi uli kayo ng kahilingan sa tangganganot para sa karagdagang dugo. Dalhin ang kahilingan sa tanggang ng Krus na Pula hanggang sa makamtan ang dugong inyong kailangan.
* Balhin kaagad sa ospital ang dugo para mapalamigan nang wasto. Pag-ingatan mataman upang hindi masira.
* Kapag ang dugong inyong nakuha sa Krus na Pula ay hiram lamang, isama kaagad ang maghahandog ng dugo sa tanggapan ng Krus na Pula pang nahiram ninyong dugo.
* Kung ang nahiram ninyong dugo.
* Kung ang dugo' hindi nagamit sa loob ng 48 oras, isauli kaagad sa Bangko ng Krus na Pula, para _huwag akalaing iyon ay nagamit.

nagamit. SALAMAT PO

Ang National Blood Center Ng Krus Na Pula

HANDLING THE FEES

To maintain the Blood Program, the Red Cross needs both money and blood. It requires all the help it could get in this connection. That is why it requests a donation of P10 for every bottle of blood that is withdrawn for a patient in the PAYWARD. Patients in the free ward of hospitals are not charged with this fee. This amount is not payment for the blood; it helps pay for the blood bottle and the donor sets and the cost of pro-cessing the blood. Along with this donation, the Red Cross will still request the replacement of

WHY

People who witness sessions of the Camarines Sur Provincial Board tell stories about their "dislike" for the "pasale of an allegedly overacting Board Member. They speak of him as a grandstand player. I won't be surprised if this man announces his availability for the 1969 congressional nominations. But easy lang Pare, you are getting the opposite results of the thing yon may have in mind. Secretary Veriong Veluz must be a very disgusted man these days. The Board Member he helped during the campaign "roasted" him during the last Board Meeting on the alleged leakage of Reso-lution No. 11. For old time's sake, the man should have assigned to somebody else the job of roasting his former Campaign Manager. Even in public life there is such a thing as gratitude.

monkey

Now I how why a certain conspiracy mentioned in the Bicol Star failed. The "Master Mind", a certain Mr. Diez, did not follow the master plan. He was too busy partially reviewing many things.

business

PETE L AMPOLOQUIO

. There should be a point of meeting of the minds between the Board and the Governor for the sake of the public good. They are all Nationalistas There won t be any exucuse for their failure. Ambitions should give way to the over-all business of serving the people.

Members of the Camarines Sur Provincial Board need not be afraid about these gasoline allowances that had been talked about so much. The people understand that they need it to be able to move around. The thing that is wrong in the matter concerns "justifications" being made that they need the allowance to travel from their homes to the capitol which is made to appear from other towns when all the time the people know they live in Naga.

I admire Governor Cledera's attitude of having all his acts in public office and that of other officials "subject" to the people's investigations. I take it to mean that he has nothing to hide or that he will not hide anything from the people. That should be the right attitude. No public official should do anything in private which he would be ashamed of or afraid to be found out later by the people.

Liberal officials during the campaign did not really mean that they did not need Malacanang aid after all, They are now interest-ed in getting Malacanang aid to finish the City Hall Building. Who cares about politics? That's for the birds.

. .

Nacionalistas in the City Board should not "table" the request for Malacanang help to get our City Hall Building finished. They are supposed to work for the people now. NPs and LPs should serve the people first. Party loyalty should be subordinated to the people's welfare.

Dr. Antonio Sibulo told me that he is available for the forth-coming 1969 congressional fight. In any fights between Congressman Felipe and Dr. Sibulo, I think Hizzoner, the Mayor, will leave the great "parasakdo." Blood is thicker than water. That won't be surpri-sing at all. Add to that is the story that Munding Concha (the lady's man) is also gunning for the 1st district congressional seat.

Senator Kennedy hails **PHILCAG** project

U.S. Senator Edward Kennedy during a visit at the Philcag base camp in Tay Ninh to observe civic action activities said that civic action activities said that the programs he saw are tre-mendously important and that the Filipinos should be very proud of them. The United States senator was given a tour of the Thanh dien refugee resettlement project and other construction projects of Phileag. He witnessed civic action teams in operation with their medical and dental surgeons actually treating a lot of hamlet folks.

the blood withdrawn for the patient. Instead of a cash donation, a replacement of two donors for each bottle of blood withdrawn may be accepted. Unless blood is returned within 48 hours after its withdrawal from the blood, bank and the is still in good condition, the cash donation will not be refunded All these are designed to insure a ready stock of blood to enable us to serve anyone in we d at any time.

at any time. Thank you very much for your support and

cooperation.

THE PHILIPPINE NATIONAL RED CROSS By Dr. MAGNO V. JAMITO, Chm., Blood Bank Com. CS- Naga City Chapter

OLEGAL NOTICESO

Republic of the Philippines COURT OF FIRST INSTANCE OF CAMARINES SUR 10th Judicial District OFFICE OF THE PROVINCIAL SHERIFF City of Naga JOAQUIN RIVERA, Plaintiff. -vefsus-

NICOLAS CLAVILLAS, Defendant

CIVIL CASE NO. 6188

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE Pub. Feb. 10, 17, 24, 1968. X X

Notice of Auction Sale

Whereas, by virtue of the writ of execution issued by the Court of First Instance of Camarines Sur in connection with the above-Sur in connection with the above-entitled case dated the 12th day of January, 1968 whereby the Provincial Sheriff of Camarines Sur ex-officio, or any of his lawful deputies was commanded to make effective the sum of ONE THOUSAND FIFTY PESOS (P1,050), Philippine currency, the unpaid balance of indebted-ness of the defendant to the the unpaid balance of indebted-ness of the defendant to the plaintiff hereof, plus the lawful fees for the services of this exe-cution of the sheriff, pursuant to Section 2, Rule 68 of the Rules of Court of Court:

Whereas, the mortgaged pro-perty of the defendant to the plaintiff hereof, is particularly described as follows, to wit:

"A parcel of rice land, with "A parcel of rice land, with an approximate area of 12,500 square meters; bounded on the North, by an irrigation canal; South, by the Masoso Irriga-tion Canal; and on the West, by Lucio Clavillas, forming part of that property of 2 hec-tarrs declared in the name of Nicolas Clavillas under Tax Nicolas Clavillas under No. 20276 and assessed Tax NICOLIS C276 and assessed at at \$590.00; neither registered under the Spanish Mortgaged Law nor under Act 496 and may be registered under Act 3344 as amended. This prohis pro-sitio of perty is located in sitio of Olaog, barrio San Isidro, Iriga, Cam. Sur.'

Wherefore, in order to satisfy the amount of ONE THOUSAND FIFTY PESOS (P1,050), the un-paid balance of indebtedness of the defendant to the plaintiff the defendant to the plaintiff hereof and together with the sheriff's fees and other lawful sheriff's fees and other lawful expenses incident to this exe-cution, the undersigned Provin-cial Sheriff ex-officio, announces that on March 4, 1968, between the hours of 9:00 o'clock in the morning and 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon he will sell at public auction at the office of the prov-incial sheriff located on the auction at the office of the prov-incial sheriff, located on the cond Floor of the C.S. Tro-vincial Capitol, in Naga City to the highest bidder for cash and in Philippine currency, the fore-going described mortgaged pro-perty together with all the exist-

ing improvement the on. According to law, this notice of auction sale will be published in the BICOL STAR, a weekly regional newspaper published and edited in the City of Naga, having a wide seneral circulation in the field province of Constitution the province of Camarines Sur, once a week for three consecu-tive weeks, the first publication to take place at least twenty (20) days before the date of the auction sale. Likewise, for the same period of time, three copies of three public and places in the period of time, three copies of this notice will be posted in three public and conspicuous places in the municipality of Iriga, Cam. Sur and another three copies to be posted in the City of Naga (one at the Bulletin Board in the Provincial Capitol

of Cam. Sur) where the auction sale will take place, for the in-formation of all concerned.

Prospective bidders buyers of the foregoing described pro-perty are hereby enjoined to investigate for themselves the title of the property and the encumbrances thereon, in case there be, for their own Naga City, Philippines, Feb-tuary 7, 1968.

MAURO B. PAJARDO Ex Officio Prov. Sheriff of Cam. Sur

Notice of Extrajudicial Adjudication and Sale

Pursuant to Section 1, Rule 74 of the New Rules of Court notice is hereby given that the estate of the late Florencio Sedilnotice is include for the late Florencio Sedil-la consisting of one parcel of land containing an area of eight hectares, more or less, as his undivided conjugal share over a parcel of land situated at barrio Mabatobato, Pili before, now barrio Del Rosario, Ocampo, Camarines Sur, duly registered under O.C.T. No. 2145 (Bureau of Lands No. H-126805-H.P. No. 60249) has been extrajudially adjudicated by his wife Perpetua Cortez as sole heir unto herself and was sold by her absolutely, and was sold by her absolutely, together with a portion of her together with a portion of her own share, for a consideration of Four Thousand Five Hundred Pesos (₱4,500) to Melquiades Padillo, married to Gloria Moriones, resident of Ocampo, Ca-marines Sur by means of a forinstrument duly re Notary Public mal written mai written instrument duity notarized before Notary Public Melquiades R. Volante of Ocam-po, Camarines Sur on February 8, 1968; Doc. No. 12; Page No. 5; Bock No. III, Series of 1968,

Pub. Feb. 10, 17, 24, 1968.

First Bicol Seminar... (Continued from page 5)

The lecturers from Manila and Quezon City are professional real estate brokers and appraisers who are specialists in their own tines and masters of their subjects. They have long been tried and tested for their abilities and ethical standards and thev know all the entricacies of the real estate busi-ness. Few of the lecturers and their qualifications are as follows:

Realtor Teodoro Kalaw, Jr., lawyer, accountant, real estate appraiser and financier - developer, will soeak on the fundament. als of real estate appraising, office management and recruitment of agents.

Realtor Louis H. Bernasconi, a civil engineer, is a large scale developer of residential and commercial subdivisions in the suburbs of Quezon City particularly in the nearby towns of the pro-vince of Rizal. He is the vice president and treasurer of the St. Louis Really Corporation which owns and manages the Brookside Hills and Las Palmas subdivisions. Mr. Bernasconi will lecture on the modern trends in subdivision development, real estate seminar a sucsales and management.

A Year of . . . (Continued from Page 4)

Fifth, he must demand from his government adequate and satisfactory conditions of order in every community so that he can work in peace and sleep soundly at home;

Sixth, he must look forward to the makers of policy only for policies that will make easier his acquisition of capital and facilities for private en-terprise a n d adequate lines of communication for the marketing of his goods;

Seventh, the land remains his best source of livelihood and income;

Eighth, he must stop once and for all the practice of selling h is once votes because this practice puts into offices unimagi native, indifferent, and pseudo-leaders; and,

Ninth, in the final analysis, only he can help himself.

To all of us, to listen to these truths or facts may be painful and bleak.

He is a past director of the Philippine Association of Real Estate Boards and past president of the Quezon City Board of Realtors.

Realtor Alberto E. Filamor, a lawyer, is the incumbent Secretary General of the Philippine Association of Real Estate Boards. He also holds the position of Secretary of the Institute of Philippine Real State Appraisers. He will lecture on the vast opportunities the real estate business as he has seen and served in his long years of experience.

Eugenio P. Torres, Chief of the Broker's Division, Bureau of Commerce will lecture on the licensing regulations governing real estate brokers and salesmea.

Commissioner Antonio H. Noblejas of the Land Registration Commission will lecture on the Common problems of real estate conveyancing and title registration.

A dinner and program will highlight the closing ceremonies of the seminar on Saturday evening, February 24. On the 25th which is a Sunday, the lecturers and the parti-cipants will devote their time to sightseeing under the auspices of the local committee headed Domingo Abella. by

During the graduation exercises, handsome certificates of attendance will be distributed to the participants and certificates of appreciation will likewise be awarded to all those who have contributed their best efforts in making the Bicol cess.

But we leave ourselves no Aggiornamento . . . choice. We shall cauterize the wounds of our people until they bleed freshly if only by this process we can help to he al them. On the other h a n d, we shall passionately tell and r e t e l l their heritage of greatness, awaken them to their tremendous potential, and encourage them to realize this potential, through hard work and more work.

It is our hope that through continuing confrontation, our people can be weaned a way completely from a growing and engulfing mentality of mendicancy and be led to rediscover the beautiful and respectable virtues of self-reliance, industry, and frugality.

In order to give teeth to this program of continuing confrontation, the Federation of Provincial Presss Clubs of the Pnilippines has formulated its "Return to the Barrio Movement."

The RBM

We hold that prosperous rural communities a r e the best guarantees to the preservation and protection of freedom of the press in the countrysides, expansion of the newspaper publication and radio operation enterprises, and securing for the newspa-perman and r a d i o commentator in the provinces self-respect, integrity and a decent standard of living.

The "Return to the Barrio Movement", therefore, will endeavor to contribute all its efforts to the realization of the following:

First, prosperity in the rural communities,

Second, checking of the exodus of barrio manpower. and,

Third, attracting rural manpower now under stress in urban communities to return to the barrio.

The RBM is big and ambitious. It requires tremendous informed, knowledgeable, and effective activities in organization and communication. We say here and now that we make no claims we can go it alone. On the other hand we trust that the merit and desirability of the movement will at-tract unqualified support from so inclined and like-minded organizations or associations, like the Rotary, Jaycees, Lions, and Chambers of Commerce and Industry. We know the magnitude

of RBM, and we feel humble before it. But our determination proceed with it and our dedication to the work it demands are as big and decided. It is this spirit and will, that give us courage and strength.

(Continued from page 2)

It is salutary, we hope, to be reminded about it in print. "I am a Negirian student enrolled in one of the colleges here. Since my arrival in this Christian country I have been observing the unchristian behavior or discriminatory acts of some conductresses..." thus di bus conductresses. . ." thus did a foreign student write to a metrotoreign student write to a merio-politan daily not so long ago. She gave the go-signal just when he was about to board the bus. And when he fell, some of the students at the bus stop laughed a bins further to give a talk at him. Invited to give a talk on Nigeria at PNC, he was greeted by shouts of "Negro, black is black" on the campus, black is black" on the campus. His national costume was derided as a pair of "pajamas" when he was requested to wear it for a drama. He writes too of a Libe-rian student who flagged down a taxi only to be refused at the last moment. This is not the first time foreign students have complained about such acts. There was the case-remember-of African who was beaten up an (nakursunadahan daw) by hoad-lums and then when brought to the hospital received, instead of sympathy, some nasty remarks from a Pinay nurse.

Some of these unhappy ins-Some of these attribute tances we may perhaps attribute to that peculiar Filipino propensity to poke fun at and find humor in what he considers another person's oddities. In due time perhaps our foreign students may come to understand this may come to understand this childish trait (grown-ups are expected to be more discreet) and even give tit for tat. I refer to the laughter of the students to the laughter of the students at the bus stop and the shouts in the campus. The other ins-tances are downright inexplica-ble Unobaright ble. Uncharitable!

* THERE are many evils which face the Philippines, but perhaps it is no exaggeration to say that politics is the root evil. The socio-economic situation, law and socio-economic situation, law and order, education, business are all insoluble problems because the government seeks not the com-mon good but particular good, and because the citizens elect that kind of government." Many, if not all of us, will agree with if not all of us, will agree with the truths of this observation. the truths of this observation. For me the most pathetic and tragic is the truth of the last line, Citizens have the government they deserve.

The tools for organization and communication are at our command. Some of them cost money, most of them are free. We trust that s ocial conscience among the well-endowed among our people, for whom prosperity in the barrio is a guarantee for peace and freedom, will not hesitate to extend to us their affluent arms to assist in the realization of our goals.

All these are the ends to which the Federation of Provincial Press Clubs of the Philippines will address its efforts. It bears no partiality for any person, party, institution or creed. It only s e e k s to help bridge the gap that until now divide the Filipino nation from a greatness that it is being called upon to realize once more. We invite all of you to pitch in, to join us in our cry: "One Heart, One Provincial Philippines."