This is of major importance to the local gold industry in view of continuing high costs. It remains to be seen whether this is a temporary or permanent state of affairs. If the latter, then profit estimates of local gold mining companies in future will be subject to downward revision.

In the Commercial and Industial section, selective demand for Sugar issues has been a feature.

#### Mining Shares

Range							
Low.					ic.	Chonge	Total Sales
60.32					Up	1.63	
P .12			P .12	P .145	Off	.015	286,500
.01	Antamok Goldfields Mining .	.011	.011	.011	Up	.001	130,000
.43	Atok-Big Wedge Mining Co	.50	.44	.46	Off	.03	548,500
.035	Baguio Gold Mining Co			.0552	_		
2.00	Balatoc Mining Co	3.60	3.40	3.40	Off	.35	1,100
.0025	Batong Buhay Gold Mines	.005	.0038	.0046	Up	.0014	700,000
.016	Coco Grove, Inc	.016	.016	.016	Off	.002	60,000
.01	Consolidated Mines, Inc	.011	.011	.011	Off	.001	2.680.000
.038	Itogon Mining Company	.055	.055	.055	Off	.005	31,000
.025	I X L Mining Company	.025	.025	.025	Unc	hanced	20,000
.42	Lepanto Consolidated	.19	.53	.16	Up	.03	381.518
.33	Mindanao Mother Lode	.67	.16	.63	Up	.04	566,047
.105	San Mauricio Mining Co	.15	.15	.15	Off	.005	20,000
.21	Surigao Consolidated	.295	.27	.285	Up	.015	670,000
.015	Suvoc Consolidated	.017	.017	.017		.002	25,000
.04	United Paracale Mining	.05	.045	.045	Off	.002	40,000
	Low 60,32 P .12 .01 .43 .035 2.90 .0025 .016 .01 .038 .025 .42 .33 .105 .21 .015	Low M. S. E. Mining Average 9-12 Aceje Mining Company 1-12 Aceje Mining Company 1-10 Aceje Mining Co. 1-10 Aceje Mining Company 1-10 Aceje Mining Co. 1-10 Aceje	Law M. S. E. Mining Average J. 1942 1.1 Accie Mining Company D. 1944 1.2 Accie Mining Company D. 1944 1.3 Accie Mining Company D. 1944 1.4 Accie Mining Co. 190 1.4 Accie Mining Co. 190 1.5 Accie Mining Co. 190 1.5 Accie Mining Co. 190 1.5 Accie Mining Company O. 191 1.5 Mindiane Mother Lode . 47 1.0 Sam Mauricio Mining Co. 11 1.5 Mindiane Mother Lode . 47 1.0 Sam Mauricio Mining Co. 11 1.0 Sayes Consolidated . 91	Low   M. S. E. Mining Average   1,000	Low   Low	Low   Low	

.091	.04	United Paracale Mining05	.045 .0	off Off	.002	40,000
		Commercial 1	Shares			
1948-49	Range					
High	Low	High	Low Cl	ose Ch	ange To	tal Sales
P73.00	P\$5.00	Bank of the Phil. Is P73,00	P70.00 P		P 3.—	743
620.00	500.00	Central Azucarera de Bais	49	91.00b	— ·	
168.00	\$1.00	Central Azucarera de la				
		Carlota168.00	160.00 1	68.00 UI	P13	90
60.00	40.00	Central Azucarera de Tarlac . 12.00		\$2.00		62
107.00	70.00	Central Azucarera del Pilar . 100.00	100.00 10	00,00 Up	P10.—	100
23.00	22.00	Filipinas Cia, de Seguros	:	22.50b		
8.00	7.00	Insular Life Assurance Co 7,00	7.00	7.00 Of	f P I.—	-800
5.00	3.50	Manila Wine Merchants 3,50	3.50	3.50 Of	f .15	200
110,00	140.00	Metropolitan Insurance Co	- 1	40.00b		
1.36	.45	Pampanga Bus Co	.45	.45 06	( .05	4,422
.305	.065	Philippine Oil Development				
		Co	.075	.0825 Up	.0175	451,475
1.42	1.00	Philippine Racing Club 1.00	1.00	1.00		24,000
35.50	26.00	San Miguel Brewery 27.00	26.00	26.00 Of	f P I.—	5,623
100.00	75.00	Williams Equipment Co. Pfd. 90.00	90.00	90.00		15
10.00	7.00	Williams Equipment Co. Com. 7.10	7.50	7.50		300
	_					

Over-the-counter business in mining stocks was again principally confined to Benguet Consolidated, with about 22,000 shares traded between high P4.75, low P4.35, close P4.45. Other business included 10,000 shares Taysan "A" at 12 centavos. In Commercial issues, 100 shares Kabankalan Sugar were reported at P35, also 4,300 shares Manila Broadcasting at 1.30 and 340 shares Victorias Milling at P155 and P160, with almost all business at the latter price.

## Insurance

VICTOR H. BELLO

Supervisor, American Foreign Insurance Association

R ECENT investigations by Government entities into alleged arson anomalies should be applauded by all concerned.

All concerned in this instance means not only those bodies appointed to uphold law and order or fire insurance companies but the entire citizenry of the Republic of the Philippines.

Arson is a despicable crime. Perhaps more despicable and onerous than premeditated murder, injuring as it does in most instances the innocent stranger. The magnitude of such a crime is recognized throughout the world and is prosecuted by lawenforcing bodies with such vigor that the crime of arson in most countries is rare in comparison to other major crimes.

The Philippine economy today is burdened with a fire-loss ratio that it can ill afford. Manila alone, for the fiscal period ending June 30, 1949, suffered fire losses in excess of P10,000,000, or a per capita loss of P7.25 based on a population of 1,500,000. This

impersonal expression of pesos and centavos cannot accurately gauge the human suffering involved nor the overall loss to the Philippine economy.

This staggering fire loss and burden to the Philippines should be of concern to all the people, for in one way or another they affect all the people be they taos or captains of industry.

# Electric Power Production Manila Electric Company System

By R. J. BAKER Manila Electric Company

	1949	1948	
January	33 745 000	27 301 000	
February	31 110 000	26 021 000	
March	34 776 000	26 951 000	K I
April	33 048 000	26 871 000	Ļ
Мау	34 453 000	28 294 000	Ĺ O W
June	34 486 337	29 216 000	A T
July	35 726 123°	31 143 000	Ť
August	35 381 500%	31 993 009	
September		32 012 000	н
October		33 943 000	0
November		32 661 000	O U R S
December		35 104 000	٥
TOTAL		361 510 000	

Revised

The Caliraya Hydro Plant was shut-down for the period August 14-20, and we estimate a 1,200,000 KWH was not used during that period due to our inability to carry the load with the remaining generating equipment. The increase over August, 1948, was 3,388.500 KWH, or 16%.

## Real Estate

BY C. M. HOSKINS (Of C. M. Hoskins & Co., Inc., Realtors)

R EAL estate transfers in Manila during August totalled P2,228,597, compared with P3,019,784 for the month of July. Mortgages recorded amounted to P4,924,841 for August, against P12,446,500 for July.

Cumulative totals of sales for the first 8 months from 1946 to 1949 were as follows:

																		Januar-July
1946																		
1947																		47.356.765
1948	-	•	-	-						•								39,277,629
1949																		25,306,764

City of Manila real estate statistics seem to be losing some of their value as an index to metropolitan real estate activity, due to the steadily increasing volume of sales in other portions of the Greater Manila area, such as Santa Mesa Heights, New Manila, Diliman, and Mandaluyong. These sections are capturing a substantial share of the residential purchasing power of the metropolitan community.

# REAL ESTATE SALES IN MANILA, 1940-1949 Prepared by the Bureau of the Census and Statistics

Note: A large percentage of 1945 sales and a diminishing percentage of 1496 sales, represent Japanese Occupation transactions not recorded until after liberation.

January P February March April	1940 6,004,145 918,873 1,415,246 883,207 403,866	1941 P 962,970 779,783 1,532,104 988,380 1,129,736	1945 7,943,605 1,337,830 (?) 213,262 962,008	1946 P 4,385,011 2,267,151 2,622,190 1,916,293 3,684,937	1947 P 6,030,012 7,217,317 7,166,866 8,611,076 4,618,181	1948 9 3,644,734 3,879,633 4,243,719 5,021,093 3,129,799	1949 P 3,965,420 2,701,668 3,362,635 3,677,630 4,253,395
June July August September October November	542,187 1,324,861 1,905,828 1,141,114 993,103 938,416	598,431 559,742 1,239,414 815,112 1,182,678 858,235	1,212,780 1,123,565 699,740 1,870,670 2,096,893 2,555,472	3,637,956 4,974,862 4,438,510 4,698,896 5,545,800 3,340,384	3,988,560 4,097,183 5,627,572 7,437,213 6,083,486 4,177,054	8,019,246 5,146,529 6,192,876 4,737,581 5,350,376 3,046,287	2,793,217 3,019,784 4,924,841
December Total P1	7,974,844	(?) P10.647.285	2,874,408 P22,890 133	4,025,926 P45,537,914	3,205,584 \$68,260,104	5,386,248 ₱57,798 121	P28.698.590

The rental situation in Manila shows an abundance of residential properties available in the P150 to P500 class, including both apartments and detached dwellings. Housing for low-income groups continues critically short, as very little reconstruction money has been channelled into low-income housing since 1941.

Choice retail locations are still in good demand, with a slight easing of rental rates. Office space shows a growing percentage of vacancies in new buildings, and warehouse space is more readily available than at any time since 1945. Office and warehousing space appears to be feeling the effects of import control.

During August the Supreme Court held invalid the executive order of President Roxas limiting residential rentals to 12% of assessed value. This decision restores to effectivenes Republic Act No. 66, which establishes a rental ceiling of 20% of assessed value. In some guarters it is felt that if the 20 figure is allowed to stand, it will bring about substantial activity in the construction of low-rent dwellings, particularly of the "accesoria" or row-house class.

## Ocean Shipping

BY F. M. GISPERT Secretary, Associated Steamship Lines

TOTAL exports continued to show an increase in tonnage over last year. A total of 189,210 tons was exported to all destinations during July of this year, as against 170,156 tons exported during the same month last year.

Exports of the more important commodities during July this year, as compared with July last year, were as follows:

	1	949	1948			
Alcohol	86	tons	174	tons		
Coconut desiccated.	9.412	19	8,376	,,		
Coconut Oil	9,472	"	2,800	*,		
Concentrates.						
copper	1.397	"	151	**		
Concentrates, gold .	174	"	44	**		
Copra	50,014	**	38,516	**		
Copra cake/Meal	4.544	,	4.544	**		
Embroideries	176		171	**		
Empty containers .	450	19	310	71		
Fish, salted	51		6	,,		
Furniture, rattan	307	"	590	"		

### BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN MANILA: 1936 TO 1949

Compiled by the Bureau of the Census and Statistics from data supplied by the City Engineer's Office.

MONTH	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949
	(Value)	(Value)	(Value)	(Value)	(Value)						
January .	P 540,030	P 426,230	P 694,180	P 463,430	P1,124,550	P 891,140	· =	P 1,662,245	P 3,645,970	P 6,571,660 P	4,807,320
February	720,110	479,810	434,930	1,063,950	1,025,920	467,790		2,509,170	3,270,150	6,827,005	7,286,630
March	411,680	396,890	1,300,650	662,840	671,120	641,040		3,040,010	3,398,910	7,498,560	8,100,700
April	735,220	659,680	770,130	1,029,310	962,420	408,640	462,020	3,125,180	8,295,640	7,370,292	5,558,245
May	400,220	670,350	1,063,570	1,139,560	740,510	335,210	1,496,700	3,964,460	5,564,870	8,570,410	5,070,380
June	827,130	459,360	754,180	809,670	542,730	418,700	2,444,070	3,904,450	5,898,580	10,217,840	4,809,250
July	302,340	691,190	756,810	495,910	357,680	609,920	1,741,320	3,062,640	9,875,435	7,771,487	4,601,450
August	368,260	827,660	627,790	622,050	661,860	306,680	1,418,360	4,889,640	7,428,260	7,568,950	
September	393,100	777,690	684,590	554,570	590,380	530,830	1,015,250	7,326,570	7,770,310	7,095,860	
October .	663,120	971,780	718,190	645,310	738,700	699,040	639,030	4,630,550	6,747,240	5,368,800	
November	460,720	320,890	972,310	461,580	485,100	315,930	1,364,310	4,373,390	7,088,283	3,424,125	
December	648,820	849,160	503,230	1,105,910	333,490	67,553	1,605,090	5,034,600	4,924,320	4,507,580	
Annual Total .	P6,170,750	₱7,530,690	P9,280,560	P9,053,250	P8,234,460	P5,692,273	P12,186,150	P47,526,905	₱73,907,248	P82,792,569P	40,233,975