

Homage Paid To Nation's War Dead

President Laurel Urges Understanding In Memorial Day Speech

The deep sense of veneration and gratitude in which the Filipino nation holds its war dead found voice in the simple but stirring words of President Jose P. Laurel at the ceremonies held Thursday morning at Malacañan in memory of the Filipino heroes who gave their lives in this and past wars. The President paid high tribute to them and reminded the Filipino people of the imperative need for a pervasive understanding among themselves because no foreigner can love the Filipinos better than the Filipinos themselves.

The solemn ceremonies held at Malacañan which was attended by President Laurel, members of his cabinet and their families, and other ranking officials of the Republic, began with a Mass in the Palace Chapel with Mons. Cesar Ma. Guerrero officiating. An outstanding feature of the event was the distribution of cash gifts and clothing to many veterans, war widows and orphans or their representatives. In connection with

30,000 Needy Families Aided

Deserving needy families all over the twelve districts of Manila, numbering around 30,000, received gifts consisting of clothing materials, dried fish and coconuts from the government on the occasion of the celebration of the first anniversary of the Republic of the Philippines last October 14, 1944.

As in the distribution of confiscated rice to indigents, Bagumbay and Bagumpanahon districts had the most recipients. In this special distribution of gifts, charitable institutions had their share.

In clothing materials alone, some 37,341 yards have been distributed by Mrs. G. T. Pesson in the name of President and Mrs. Jose P. Laurel to such charitable institutions as colleges, convents and homes for the aged and infirm. This is aside from dried fish and other gifts given directly by Malacañan to the poor.

The Women's Bureau of the KALIBAPI handled the distribution in the different districts of the city, assisted by the district chiefs and representatives of the Bureau of Investigation and the Philippine Constabulary.

Laurel Affords Youth Best Opportunity For Leadership

Believing that the country's future will in a great measure depend upon the capacity, sturdiness and vigor of today's young men, President Jose P. Laurel declared last week, when he administered the oath of office to Teodoro Evangelista, new vice-minister of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, that the sooner the affairs of our government are placed in young hands, the better for our people.

"We know," the President said, "that we are not going to live very long, especially during these crucial days. When we die, we shall leave behind us men of the younger generation who have understood our purposes and the objectives of the government and our people; and when we shall have gone and perhaps been forgotten, they shall carry over the work we had left

New Rice Harvest Seen As Only Relief To Crisis

Minister Sabido Says There's Only Enough For Limited Needs

"There's enough rice in the hands of the government, held in various provinces to take care of the government's direct and moral obligations," declared Minister of Economic Affairs Pedro Sabido when interviewed by the *Republic* about the rice and other foodstuffs situation in Manila.

"The difficulty lies in transportation, particularly fuel," he added, "and this is what is being attended to with all possible diligence, so that nobody need say we are crossing our hands in the face of an acute situation."

By direct obligation, Minister Sabido meant the hospitals, government welfare institutions, the constabulary, and prisons and by moral obligations, the Community Kitchens and charitable establishments. It was explained that the government holds enough rice in Manila for its direct obligations but not for its moral obligations. Just how soon enough rice will be available for the community kitchens and other charitable organizations, however, nobody knows, for the matter depends entirely upon the availability of fuel.

Thus it is evident that the situation in Manila as to food supply will remain much the same as it is today until the new crop of rice is available and this again will depend upon what the new Joint Government and Army Committee will be able to do to bring it to the city. Minister Sabido is, however, very optimistic that this new body will be able to insure an adequate supply to Manila. It may start functioning sometime this month.

This tangible manifestation of the Government's recognition of the heroic services of Filipino war dead, the President took occasion to announce that, aside from the amount of ₱430,000 already distributed by the Republic among war widows and orphans and their families, he will make another amount available for their assistance and relief.

The ceremonies at Malacañan highlighted the nation-wide observance of Memorial Day in the Philippines. All churches and religious institutions celebrated masses at seven o'clock in the morning for the peaceful and eternal repose of the Filipino officers and men buried in the national cemetery at O'Donnell, Capas, Tarlac. During these rites one-minute silent prayers were observed for the war dead.

Laurel To Speak On GEA Charter

The new vice-minister succeeded former Vice-Minister Emilio Abello who was recently named to the post of executive secretary of the Republic. Before his appointment, Vice-Minister Evangelista was technical assistant in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

President Laurel's remarks on the occasion of the oath-taking of Vice-Minister Evangelista follows in full:

"Upon the recommendation of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, I have appointed Honorable Teodoro Evangelista as Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, a young man, with a view to placing in young hands the affairs of our Government. The sooner we do that the better for

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MANILA'S FOOD SITUATION BARED; MAYOR SAYS HE'S DOING BEST BUT . . .

Manila, you have to wait "for a while," for nothing can be done—nor is being done—just now about your food supply to give you relief.

That is the clear impression one gets at City Hall.

Manila, you must wait for the new harvest normally in December and when—if you get that, City Hall believes that the new rice will fix everything else up for you, for the government, for everybody; that is, it will bring down the price of your *bangus* and *bagoong*, your *kangkong* and *kamote*, your vegetable and vinegar, your *pinakbet* and *pa-pai*. So City Hall says and you ought to take it from them there. But meanwhile, don't fail to tighten your belt and to pray for the best.

Yes, Manila, you must be patient and forbearing. There's nothing the City Hall is doing now, matters,—about your rice for instance,—being left entirely to the Joint Committee of the National Government and the Imperial Japanese Army, but just the same it is said the best is being done under the circumstances. So, to your patience and forbearing, you must add understanding also.

Soon, December will come, only a matter of just one month, and the new harvest will come and with it you are assured of other things. It's only one month more, indeed, and not too far off, if you can hold off your hunger and your thirst with faith and confidence and trust in the City Hall. "The best is being done for you under the circumstances." That's City Hall's assurance.

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Appointments Up To Ministers City Police Under Mayor

Feeling the need for a more simplified and expeditious procedure in the matter of appointments and promotions in the Philippine Civil Service, President Jose P. Laurel last week issued Executive Order No. 97 which vests the power to take final action on appointments in the Minister of State concerned and authorizes the District Commissioners to act for the respective ministers in matters of appointments.

The text of Executive Order No. 97 reads as follows:

Whereas, there is need in view of the existing emergency for a more simplified and expeditious procedure in the matter of appointments and promotions in the Philippine Civil Service, I, Jose P. Laurel, President of the Republic of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby promulgate the following rules and regulations amending the present procedure in the appointment and promotion of officers and employees in the Philippine Civil Service:

"1. Appointments of subordinate officers and employees, including those of ranking officials as defined in Executive Order No. 14 of the

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Laurel To Speak On GEA Charter

President Jose P. Laurel is scheduled to address the Filipino people in a nationwide remote control broadcast from Malacañan at eight o'clock tonight, on the occasion of the first anniversary of the adoption of the Joint Declaration of Greater East Asiatic Nations.

The President's speech will highlight the participation of the Republic in the anniversary celebration held today throughout Greater East Asia.

In another speech, the President will speak to the world on the significance of the Greater East Asia Charter which was formulated a year ago at a conference in which he took active part as head of the Republic of the Philippines.

Placed under the immediate control and supervision of the Mayor of Manila was the Metropolitan Constabulary, by virtue of Executive Order No. 98 which was issued by President Jose P. Laurel early last week. The President issued the order in view of the promulgation of martial law and the appointment of the Mayor as Military Governor.

Under Executive Order No. 98, the officers and men of the present Metropolitan Constabulary and such number of the former Secret Service Division of the Manila Police taken over by the Bureau of Investigation upon its organization as may be determined by agreement between the Military Governor for Manila and the director of the Bureau of Investigation with the approval of the Minister of Home Affairs are placed under the Military Governor without necessity of new appointments.

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Republic's Heart Responds To Wails Of Poor And Needy

It is raining heavily outside. The winds are howling to the heavens, blowing amidst the anxiety of a long line of lean, emaciated men, women, and children in tattered rags and equally tattered shoes. The hour is nearly 11 o'clock, and soon the steaming kettles of rice "lugao" or a mixture of rice and camote, or corn and camote, plus a few pans of dried fish or *bagoong*, will be lined up on the long table. The welfare workers, tirdy despite the coarseness of white linen, smiling even in the face of disaster, are making everything ready for the daily rationing.

For it is about distribution time at one of the more than 100 community kitchens operated by the Bureau of Public Welfare, the Philippine Red Cross, and the City of

Revision Of House Rentals Authorized

Executive Order No. 99 Permits Increase Of Monthly Rentals

A revision of the amount of house rentals in Manila was authorized the other day by President Jose P. Laurel when he promulgated Executive Order No. 99 amending various sections of an executive order issued by the Chairman of the former Executive Commission regulating house rentals in the city.

The new executive order permits owners of houses or buildings for commercial and/or industrial purposes to collect a monthly rental not to exceed 200 per cent of the highest monthly rental charged for the three months immediately preceding December 8, 1941.

It also authorizes owners of houses or buildings for residential purposes to collect a monthly rental which shall not exceed 100 per cent of the highest monthly rental charged for the three months immediately preceding December 8, 1941, unless the tenant is an indigent or needy person or head of an indigent or needy family, in which case the monthly rental shall not exceed 75 per cent of the highest monthly rental charged for the three months immediately preceding December 8, 1941.

In the case of houses or buildings, the several parts of which are used for commercial, industrial and/or residential purposes.

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Real Estate Tax Doubled

Increased by 100 per cent was the real estate tax of the city of Manila last week, when President Jose P. Laurel promulgated Ordinance No. 42. The increase was made in order to provide the city with more funds for public relief and for other purposes required by the existing emergency.

Date of effectivity of the new ordinance is October 1, 1944, the additional tax to be computed and collected on the basis of three months from October 1 to December 31, 1944. The additional tax is not subject to any penalty if paid on or before October 31, 1944. For next year the new tax shall accrue on the first of January and shall be collected at the same time

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Republic's Heart Responds To Wails Of Poor And Needy

Manila, all under the supervisory control of the Central Community Kitchens Committee headed by Vice-Minister Ramon Macasac of the Ministry of Health, Labor, and Public Welfare. And the indigents, who are the beneficiaries of these kitchens, are all there, lined up with their plates or cups, "bino" or coconut shell.

As his number is called, each indigent produces his plate, cup, or coconut shell and gets his share of the bounty that comes straight from the heart of a government that means well, and is determined to mean well by the people, specially by the most unfortunate members of the community.

To be at one of these community (Continued on page 3)

Republic's Heart...

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kitchens (at the time of writing, these kitchens were temporarily not operating for lack of food supplies from the Biba, where it could get commodities at controlled prices) is to see the face of a nation in distress, a nation clinging faithfully to dear life in the wake of a global war with its inevitable concomitants of hunger, desolation, death. To see these wards of the Republic is to visualize, with one sweep of the imagination, what a thoughtful and grateful government is doing for its less favored members.

The Republic started these community kitchens in June when it became evident that the Biba could no longer supply the daily rations of 120 grams per day for each resident for the simple reason that the cereal was most difficult to obtain from the rice regions because no inconsiderable part of the stock had criminally been canalized into the hands of profiteers and other human vultures who thrive on the misery, confusion, and abnormality of the times.

Regardless of race or creed, anybody who is in acute distress, unemployed, or unable to buy rice at the black market, which is undoubtedly dominated by avaricious opportunists, was given a ladleful of boiled rice, *lugao*, or corn as the case may be.

Started in June, the community kitchens began with an operating fund of ₱1,700,000. The Central Community Kitchens Committee endeavored to get the best available under the circumstances, and achieved almost a miracle by giving what amounts to a fairly good

meal during these times, at a cost of less than forty centavos. At the start, these rations could not be bought for less than ten times their cost in the black market.

According to Director Honorio Poblador of the Bureau of Public Welfare, who is also executive officer of the community kitchens, the enterprise has already incurred an indebtedness of ₱3,145,081, so that there is a deficit of nearly ₱1,500,000.

But look at these figures: in June, 1,526,528 meals were served at an average per capita cost of ₱.38; in July, 2,062,708 meals at ₱.25 each; in August, 2,106,628 meals at ₱.33; and in September, 2,643,836 meals at ₱.34 each. The figures are not yet complete for October, but Director Poblador expects an appreciable increase, what with rice soaring to around ₱250 per ganta in the wartime criminal world of the black market.

Week ago, when interviewed by a representative of *The Republic* at ration hour, one of the recipients of the government's bounty tearfully cried. He is an old man of about sixty, his "langochi" trousers past mending, and his undershirt about to fall off from his shrunken frame, and he was too weak even to talk. After he had received his ladleful of "lugao," and a few pieces of roasted "dills," he was able to talk between tears.

"We thank President Laurel!" he said. "May God bless him! If not for these meals, I and thousands like me would now be corpses. If only the people who control the black market would see us, as you are seeing us now, they may perhaps have a change of heart and they might become less greedy and more human. I tell you, if not for these community kitchens, these black market people would long ago have become the object of violent public indignation."

As he moved on, a girl of about eleven years old took his place in the ranks, followed by three others, her mother and two other emaciated creatures.

They told a similar story. And their story is typical. They could well provide themselves with rice, when its price was not yet beyond the ₱20-a-ganta mark; but when, around April, rice prices began zooming to heights beyond the wildest imaginings even of the most rabid pessimist, they gave up. And if it were not for the community kitchens, they would now be resting in some nameless graves...

30,000 Magaanak Ang Tinulungan Ng Pamahalaan

Mahigit na 30,000 magaanak sa Maynila ang tumanggap ng mga alaala sa pamahalaan pangbansa dahil sa pagdiriwang sa unang kaarawan ng pagsasarili ng Pilipinas. Ang ipinagkalobay ay mga damit, tungang isda, niyog at iba pang pagkain.

Karamihan sa mga nakinabang sa mga handog na ito ay ang mga magaanak na dukha at talagang nangangailangan.

Sa paglalan ng Pangulo at Gng. Laurel ay 37,341 yarda ng telang dadamitin ang binahagi ng mga samahan sa kawanggawa sa kanikanilang tangkilik.

Sa isang dakong ang pamahalaan ay tumanggap din naman ng mga gamot at lunas na umaabot sa halagang ₱296,000 at kalob ng mga nakagigiiliw sa Republika.

Nahirang Na Bise-Ministro Si Evangelista

Sumumpa si Teodoro Evangelista sa kanyang bagong tungkulin ng bise-ministro ng mga sulirang panglabas sa harap ng Pangulong Laurel sa Malakanyang noong Martes. Si G. Evangelista ay dating patnugot ng mga sulirang panglabas.

Itinaas Naang Ibayo Ang Buwis Sa Ariarian

Ipinasiya ng Pangulong Laurel sa bisa ng Kautusan Blg. 42 na dagdagan nang 100 sa isangdaun ang buwis sa amilyaramiento sapul sa unang araw ng Oktubre ng 1944. Kinakailangan ng pamahalaan ang dagdag na likumun para sa kanyang mga lumalaking gugulin, lalo na ang panulong sa mga naghihikahos.

Insurance Firm "Tatlong Maria" Sets New High in Local Film Standards

By Vicente L. del Fierro

Fired by a desire to help encourage and develop the habit of thrift and financial independence among the people, and thereby contribute to the economic well-being of the nation, several Filipino businessmen have formed a new life insurance company, with a capital stock of ₱5,000,000. The company will be known as The Associated Life Insurance Company.

The men behind the new company are Judge Manuel Camus, president of El Hogar Filipino; Mr. Francisco SyCip, president of the Associated Finance Company; Dr. Luis R. Salvasa, formerly manager of the Government Service Insurance System; Director Eulogio B. Rodriguez, of the National Library; and Attorney Lorenzo Tanadara, former Assistant City Fiscal of Manila.

The officers of the company are Judge Manuel Camus, president; Mr. Francisco SyCip, vice-president; Dr. Luis R. Salvasa, general manager and actuary; and Atty. Simeon M. Gopencco, secretary-treasurer.

The Associated Life Insurance Company will write all forms of life insurance and annuities, including war risks. Appointed general agents of the new firm are C. S. Gonzales and Company.

The home office and agency of the company are located at the Metropolitan Theater Building, Plaza Burgos. Formal opening for business will take place shortly.

Inihayag Ni Laurel...

(Karugtong ng nasa pahina 4)

Ang pagbabalak sa kabuhasan na tuwirang pinangangasiwaan ng Pamahalaan ay siyang nangiangibabaw na simulain ng daigdig sa ngayon. Ang makabagong pamumuhay ay naging lubhang masama: ang pakikipagsalimugan ng mga adhi-kaing panlipunan sa mga pamamaraan ng panalunat-panahon, ang karamihan ng mga bagong imbensiyon na nagpapawalang-saysay sa mga matatandang kaalaman hinggil sa agrwal, panahon, bilis at sa pagisikap ng tao ay siyang nakapagbago sa anyo ng nararapat maging kasiyasyang pamumuhay ng mga pangkat, kung kaya kapag mga tao lamang, sa pagtataguyod ng kani-kanilang ilang mga kapakanan, ay di na maaaring pagkatiwalaan ng di-natatakdang kalayaan sa paggawa ukol sa kabuhasan, nang hindi nila lilikihin, sinasadya o hindi, ang isang ditimbang na kalagayan sa buhay ng lipunan. Kinakailangang ang Pamahalaan ay siyang maglahal at mangasiwa sa lahat ng malalaking gawaing pangkabuhasan upang matiyak sa bawat mamamayan ang di-mababawang sapat na kapanatagan at kaginawahan, isinasadya ng mga makapagtataguyod sa isang maunang pamumuhay. Hindi lulukilung din ito niulungatraging gawin ng Pamahalaan ng Republika.

Bukod sa iba pang mga tungkulin, ang Lupong Tagapaglabal sa Kabuhasan ay gumagawa ng "isang pagpasaalikil at pag-aaral sa mga kagamatang pangkabuhasan ng bayan at hinggil sa iba pang mga hakbanging kinakailangang isagawa ukol sa wastong pagpapanalid, pagpagsamantal sa pagpagsasalakap sa mga nabanggit na yaman tungod sa wastong pagpapanibagong-tatag ng pambansang kabuhasan upang matiyak ang kaspapatan ng bansa sa saring pangangailangan at tuloy makapagdulot sa pamahalaan ng saring pangkailangan sa kanyang ikabuhay." Ang mga gawin ng Pagsasaka at Pangangalakal ang Kagawaran ng mga Sulirang Pangkabuhasan ay siyang nagpapabisa sa mga panukalang binanghay ng Lupon at pinagtibay ng Pangulo, sa payo ng Gabinete at pagkatapos maisangguni sa Sanggunilang-Bansa.

Bagama't walang bungang karamihan ng masasahan kundang ang marahil ay hindi sa pagdami ng mga pagkainang pangkapatiran sa mga ilang buwang darning, sa takdang panahon ang Lupon ay dapat makapaglahad ng mga panukalang pagpapahalagang mga pagbabago sa ating pambansang kabuhasan. Ang mga pangunang layunin natin tungo rito ay tiyak at maunang: Una sa lahat, ang ating pagpasaak, kasama ang ating

There was a time when local films were pale imitations of Hollywood opuses, when local actors trimmed their hair a la Robert Taylor, and our actresses in the fashion of western female screen divinitities. That was a long time ago, if we are to estimate the progress made by Philippine talkies since pre-war days, with "Tatlong Maria," as the yardstick.

And we daresay that no follower of local film productions, much less the writer of this review who has been identified with the progress of Philippine talkies since more than ten years ago when local talking pictures first made their appearance, will fail to notice the vast improvements.

"Tatlong Maria" is a turning point in many respects. It is not only the most notable picture of these troublous times; it amounts to a pictorial testament of this tragic as well as epochal era, and it breathes of the spirit and hopes of the Philippines of these daring and perilous hours, catching the never-dying truism of every-day life as it is lived.

The story element in "Tatlong Maria," is rather weak, rather it is almost hackneyed. In a more direct way, it is something to be expected. Any three sisters in any family anywhere can be expected to turn out as the three Marias in "Tatlong Maria." And it is not hard to guess that they would get the type of husbands that their nature deserved.

Taking the three sisters, then, as typical, as characteristic of such fictional figures, and the story as rather commonplace, why is "Tatlong Maria" such a magnificent picture? The answer is quite plain: it's the magnificent acting of the three female leads: Carmen Rosales, Norma Blancafort, and Liwayway Arceo, the latter outshining the two veterans. As a

mga industriya ng paghahayupan, manukang at "dairy" o mga produkto ng gatas, ay kailangang pagyamanin upang sila'y magbunga ng lahat nating pangangailangan sa pangunang pagkain, asukal, kape, dalanda at iba pang mga bungang-kahoy, karne at mga produkto nito, itlog, gatas, mantekiya at keso. Itatatag ding panibagong ating industriya ng pangisdaan upang makatiyak ng saganaan ng mga sariwa at tuyong isda sa buong taon. Sapagka't kinakailangang magpatatay tayo sa pagpabunga ng mga pananim na pinagkukunan ng salapi na gaya ng tubo, niyog, tabako at abaka na ipadadala sa ibang bansa upang makabii ng mga makinang ukol sa maliliit na industriya na kailangan nating itayo, ay magsalayan tayo ng mga kinakailangang lupain para sa mga ito; nguni't kailanin'y hindi na natin pahintutin ang ating kanilang paglikha sa ikapininsala ng puhunan, lupa at ng mga mamamayang kailangan sa paglikha ng mga di-maiiwang pagkain. Sa wakas, ang magiging kanais-nais na pangyayari ukol dito ay ang mababayad na paglawak ng mga lupating binubungkal sa taun-taon upang samantaling tinatamo natin ang patuloy na pagpagsalaga ng mga pangunang pagkain ay dapat ding dagdagan natin ang kabuhasan ng mga inaaning pananim na pinagkukunan ng salapi.

(Itutuloy sa susunod na bilang)

Oasis Sa Gitna...

(Karugtong ng nasa pahina 4)

Pang tumatangap ng rasingong bigas hangang ngayon, at naging kapakipakanilang din naman sa kabang siudad at sa bangko ng nagpaunting.

Nang magbanta ang panghuhuthot, nagtatag agad ang pamahalaan ng maliwang pagpapahalagang pangunang milil at pagbibili ng mga pangunang

neophyte, Liwayway Arceo is a meteoric success, and if we are to judge by the reception she is getting from the crowds in this picture, she is bound to have an assured career in the Philippine movies of the coming years.

The acting of Fernando Poe and Precioso Palma, among the male actors, is flawless and true to life. To this reviewer, it is these two who deserve high commendation, for together with Mameng Rosales, Norma Blancafort, and Liwayway Arceo, they bring to "Tatlong Maria" the high note of histrionic perfection that is something unknown hitherto in Philippine movies.

Dr. Gerardo de Leon deserves no small amount of praise for there is in "Tatlong Maria," an imprint truly Philippine, unsoftened by foreign affections, for which this director is justly noted.

To see "Tatlong Maria" is to feel that if facilities were available, Philippine movies might yet outdistance the already big strides made by the theater arts since three years ago.

Medicines, Drugs Given

Donations in drugs and medicines, valued at ₱296,000, have been received by the Republic of the Philippines on the occasion of the celebration of its first anniversary, Minister of Economic Affairs, Pedro Sabido, Chairman of the Subcommittee on Rations, announced last week.

According to the Minister, in order to benefit as many people as possible, these drugs and medicines are not being given directly to sick persons but instead are being distributed to hospitals and clinics for the use of those who deserve free medical service, upon the prescription of competent physicians.

The agencies to whom these drugs and medicines had been turned over for proper use and distribution are the Office of the City Health Officer, the Bureau of Health, and the Philippine Red Cross.

Sinisiyasat...

(Karugtong ng nasa pahina 4)

pinsalaan ng mga kasapi at sa pagpagsamantal sa mga dukha.

Natalos na ang Ministerio ng karamihan laban sa pangasiwaan ng ibabang Samahan sa Pagtutulungan. Isa sa mga hinakal ang ang kamahalan ng halaga ng mga paninda ng unang unang mataas pagkaya "black market" kung hindi makabili ang mga kasaping mahihirap.

Ibig malaman ng marami kung ang panghuhuthot na pinaguisig ng pamahalaan sa mga mangangalakal at tindahang partikular ay ipinahihintulot sa mga tindahan ng MCCA.

Ang Ministro ng Kabuhasan ay nagpasugo agad ng kanyang mga ahente upang siyasatin ang mga sumbong. Napagalaman na ang Malakanyang ay tumatangap din ng mga daing hinggil sa bagay na ito.

Ang sino mang mandadyer at iba pang patnugot ng MCCA na mapapanat ng pagkakaasala o katiwalian ay paguisigin sa tangang buhuman na nilikha ng Pangulo ng Republika, alinsunod sa mga taga-siyasat.

kailangan. Sinamsam niya ang lahat ng trak na humihimpl sa Baygo at pagkaraaning nagamit sa makailang paghahatiang pagkain, ayon sa kasunduan, ay saka isinaul sa mga tunay na may-ari.

Ang Hukbong Imperial Hapon ay may malaking neitulong upang agad ay maging huwarang siudad, gayon din si Mahistrado Dionisio de Leon sa isang gobernador militar ng Purok Blg. 2.