

Mr. Gregorio R. Andres

According to Bishop Fulton J. Sheen, there are two extreme views concerning the United Nations: bigotry against it and fanaticism for it. He wrote that there are those who can see nothing but evil in the United Nations, who believe that it ought to be abolished since it is used only as a sounding loard for Russian propaganda and because it has not established peace in the world. He minimized this view by saying that these men forget the good that the U.N. has accomplished, such as the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Iran, the support and help it gave to Greece to rid itself of Communist aggression, and also the financial aid that it gave to the distressed peoples of the world.

The War in the Middle East triggered by the Suez Canal conflict confronts the integrity of the United Nations. These questions are often asked: Would the integrity of the United Nations be doomed if such War continues without the U.N. having settled it? Is the United Nations, at this stage, a failure? How much faith have its members, especially small nations like the Philippines, on the assurance that they will enjoy security against foreign aggression? Should the U.N. pack up or stay?

## Mr. GREGORIO R. ANDRES. College of Liberal Arts and Sciences. says: 'The hope for peace of the teeming millions of freedom-loving peoples was bolstered when free nations of the world created an able-bodied organization known as the United Nations Organization. Its main purpose of existence is dedicated to the maintenance of world peace and security by promoting friendly relations among nations.

We should be thankful that the U.N. never lost its hope and never failed to show what it could do to uphold the doctrine of world peace. Instead, it has ferreted out impending threats which could have been another cause for the start of a alobal War. The hostilities that clogged the peace of Palestine. Indonesia, and Greece were all pacified by the endeavor of the United Nations through cease-fire and armistice agreements. In the case of Hungary, a logical step for the attainment of peace is being undertaken so that the Hungarians may once again regain their shackled freedom. So to say, the United Nations Organization really deserves the name; an instrument for international peace and security."

Mr. PETRONIO ROA, College of Commerce, says: "As far as maintenance of international peace and security is concerned, the United

## What Do You

Nations Organization is a failure. This is due to the lact that major powers who are so-called members of the U.N. don't cooperate in giving effect to the authority of the Organization in achieving peaceful settlement or adjusting disputes. Small member nations seem to be deprived of the security they had hoped to achieve through it because of the U.N.'s inability to put an end to wranglings or to prevent the use of force.

It is true that in Palestine. Indonesia and Kashmir, the U.N. played a significant role in bringing fighting to an end. But on the Korean question, which is supposed to be more dangerous, the United Nations Organization was practically unable to take positive and advantageous steps to end the War. This failure could be attributed to the fact that the U.N. is adopting systems which are in effective, so to say. Control by the Organization over its member, especially the big powers, is loose. By the system it has adopted and is still adopting, member states seem to be placed under no legal obligation to respect agreements and proposals mutually contracted.

Therefore, it is but necessary that there be a complete revision of the Charter of the United Nations, particularly the provisions on collective defense."





Mr. Petronio Ros

THE CAROLINIAN



(Miss) Marietta Egsy



■ Miss MARIETTA EGAY, College of Law, says: "When we speck of world peace, we must of necessity speak of United Notions Organization. World peace is the organization's chief reason for being. Since its formative years of existence, it cannot be denied that the UN. has done its port in promoting friendly relations among nations all over the world. International disputes have been minimized through the measures undertaken by the UN, just for and in the name of the great cause, international peace.

The present chaos on the rivalry over the use of the Suez Canal is another problem which the United Nations is seriously Irying to tackle. It is for that reason that it is exerting every effort to deliberate how to put an end to the conflict in due time.

Many countries the world over have benefited from the assistance rendered by the U.N. since it was created. That's why membership in it is sought by nations all over the world. Every year member states are growing in number. It can be said that nothing can be lost through membership of this noble organization; there is, instead, everything to gain."

 Miss NORMA N. SAZON, Normal College, says: "I believe that the United Nations Organization is half-failure and half-successful as an instrument for international peace and security. It seems that the UNO has no power at all to use its collective force to deter or suppress encroachments. The reason could be partly that mutual agreements among members impose no legal obligation for each country to respect each other. If there is such an imposition, it has been voided by repeated acts of aggression. Settlement of disputes are not primarily directed toward encouraging parties to the conflict to garee to cessation of hostilities and to refrain from provocative acts. They are merely appeased. This may be one of the many reasons why the U.N. was a failure in all its attempt to accomplish the very purpose of its existence. What is needed, there-fore is an increase in the U.N.'s



(Miss) Norma Sazon

ganda. The United Nations Organization as an instrument for peace is, therefore, a flop."

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## About The United Nations As An Instrument For Peace?

armed force to cope with the threats of recalcitrant member-nations."

Miss PETAL AMODIA, College of Pharmacy, says: "The atmosphere which prevailed from the time the United Nations Organization was created up to the present time is indicative of the inability of the Organization to wipe out conflicts between countries. As of today, I think it erroneous to say that the U.N. is successful in maintaining peace and security all over the world. The United Nations' attempt to contain communist aggression against free countries of the world does not get the best results. A number of countries have already been eaten up and are now under communist control. The United Nations Organization, instead, is used by Russia as the main target of attack for communist propa-



(Miss) Petal Amodia

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## What Do You Think - About the United Nations

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(Miss) Azucena Albino

 Miss AZUCENA ALBINO, College of Liberal Arts and Sciences, says: The United Nations is the biggest existing world organization today. It is composed of free nations all over the world. It is created for the primary purpose of maintaining international peace and security. It has provided a system for the adjustment of disputes and the use of collective measures against threats or breaches of the peace and has prescribed obligations for the adoption of procedures to be strictly followed in dealing with disputes that might grise The Security Council

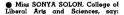


(Miss) Gregoria Turiaga

out delay and to the full extent reguired by the circumstance. Any country which is a member of the United Nations Organization is therefore assured of immediate protection and security in case of sudden War danger. That's why the U.N., as a promoter of world peace. is a resounding success."

Miss LILIA R. UY, Secretarial Dept., says: "The United Nations Organization is the world's instrument for international peace and security. Thus, the United Nations work against War for peace. This peaceful mission must, however, be elfected not by the use of force against force but by negotiations and mutual agreements between countries to the disputes through U.N. mediation. In this respect, the U.N. has shown its competence to suppress hostilities and to effect peaceful gareements between warring states.

If for this reason alone, the U.N. is the answer to the cry for world peace."



The records that the United Nations has racked up in settling conflicts that could have exploded into another World War constitutes an admirable achievement. Had there been no effort on the part of the United Nations to mediate in grave crises, some hot-headed nations could have plunged our world into a catastrophic war.

I think that the best way to insure peace among nations is to keep that organization, working with everyone pitching his share of faith in humankind. I am aware, of course, that some harbingers of doom have lashed at the U.N. because they think that it caters to the whims of the Soviets. The pacification, however, of some troublemakers by the U.N. hits back at the statement issued by these irresponsible critics.

I think it would be best for the United Nations to stay.

 Miss GREGORIA TURIAGA, College of Commerce, says: "In spite of the tremendous odds now barring the way to a peaceful negotiation on the current question of world affairs, the United Nations is, I think, doing a superb job of heading off



(Miss) Lilia R. Uv

the alobe from another world cri-The success of the world organization will ultimately depend upon the cooperation of the family of nations who must come to the fore with their problems bared frankly and honestly. As it is today, although the pace of progress towards the goal of United Nations is slow, it surely is getting some at-tention for itself because more and more people begin to realize its value as an agency of peace.

What seems important to note is that for the last ten years, it has successfully snapped off whatever might have been a cause for worldwide friction.



(Miss) Senya Salon